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10/01/2022

11/01/2022

Printing Pages: 2

Paper Code : BL-301 A (SVSU:2021-22/R)

Enrollment No.

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B.A.LL.B

II YEAR III SEM. EXAMINATION

POLITICAL SCIENCE III

(INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT)

[Time : 3:00 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 60]

Note: This question paper is divided into three sections. Attempt all question as per instruction.

Section -A Long Question : Answer Any Two. [15×2=30]

1. "Law and order are the medicine of the body politic and when the body politic gets sick, medicine must be administered." **Dr.B.R.Ambedkar**. In the light of this statement critically examine the political thought of Dr.B.R.Ambedkar.
2. "If you do not allow one to become a lion, he will become a fox. Women are a power, only now it is more for evil because man oppresses woman; she is the fox, but when she is not longer oppressed, she will become the lion." **Swami Vivekanand**. In the light of this statement discuss the Swami Vivekanand views on women emancipation.
3. Discuss the Crime and Punishment system in ancient India.

Marks : 60]

he sections as per

10=10

Section -B Short Question: Answer any two [10×2=20]

4. Explain the concept of good governance in ancient India.
5. "Triple talaq is not integral to religious practice and violates constitutional morality. It is manifestly arbitrary to allow a man to break down a marriage whimsically and capriciously. "What is sinful under religion cannot be valid under law" held **Hon'ble Supreme Court of India**. In the light of this statement discuss the rights of Women in Islam.
6. Discuss the political ideas of Kautilya.

der Shekhar

Section-C Objectives Question: Answer All Question [1×10=10]

1. Which one of the following is oldest smriti?
(A) Vishnu Dharmashastra (B) Manu smriti
(C) Yajnavalkya smriti (D) Narada Smriti

nce .

[1]

x2 =20

2. Write a sociological impact of Crimes against children.
3. Explain the use of drugs and its effect on society.

SECTION- C (Long Answer Type)

Attempt any two questions of the following .

15x2 =30

1. Write the sexual offences in Indian Society?
2. Describe the note on alcoholism
3. Write differences between white collar crime and crime?

[1]

viii) Who represented

- (a) Indira Gandhi
- (c) Lal Bahadur Shastri

ix) Which of the following

- a) Environment Award
- b) T. N. Godavarman
- c) M. C. Mehta Vs. Union of India
- d) Tata Engineering & Locomotive Co. Ltd.

x) Which environmental principle

- a) "Polluter Pays Principle"
- b) "Sustainable Development"
- c) "Precautionary Principle"
- d) "Principle of Absolute Necessity"

Attempt any two questions

2. Write down the short notes on

- i) Precautionary Principle
- ii) Environmental Impact Assessment
- iii) International Environmental Law

3. Explain how the Constitution of India

4. Discuss the law relating to

Attempt any two questions

5. How far environmental protection is a function of government as well as of individuals?

6. Discuss the constitutionality of Wildlife Protection Act, 1972.

7. Discuss the importance of Stockholm Declaration and its effects upon member states.

2. Salaka-purusha is a concept associated with the—
(A) Pasupatas (B) Jainas (C) Buddhas (D) Bhagvatas
3. Purvasailas were a branch of—
(A) The Sthaviravada sect of Buddhism
(B) The Mahasanghika sect of Buddhism
(C) The Shwetamber sect of Jainism
(D) Purva-Mimamsakas
4. Which was the earliest text that tried to explain caste system according to ones abilities & inclinations?
(A) Manusmriti (B) Bhagavad-Gita
(C) Ramayana (D) Yajnavalkyay smriti
5. Buddhism & Jainism were totally against
(A) The caste system (B) The Vedas
(C) Good old rituals (D) Supremacy of Brahmins
6. Which of the following, according to Gandhiji, is an essential principle of Satyagraha?
(A) Infinite capacity for suffering (B) Non violence
(C) Truth (D) All the three
7. Who was the political Guru of Mahatma Gandhi ji?
(A) Gopal Krishna Gokhale (B) Dayanand Saraswati
(C) Ravindra Nath Tagore (D) None of the above
8. Dr. Ambedkar was the chairman of which committee constituted to form the Indian Constitution?
(A) Preamble Committee (B) Drafting Committee
(C) Flag Committee (D) Union Constitution Committee
9. Which one of the following wrote the book- "Why Socialism"
(A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Subash Chandra Bose
(C) Jai Prakash Narayan (D) B.R. Ambedkar
10. Who was defeated by the Subhash Chandra Bose in the election of congress president in 1939?
(A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Jawahar lal Nehru
(C) Pattabhi Sitaramayya (D) Gopal krishna Gokhle

[2]

[2]

Printing Pages :1

Paper Code: BL-302 A SVSU: 2021-22/R)

Enrollment No.

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BALLB
III Semester Examination, 2021-22
Sociology -III (Law Moral and Society)
Paper Code : BL-302

[Time :3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 60]

Note : This paper is divided into three sections A, B and C . Attempt all the sections as per instructions .

SECTION- A

1. Choose the correct option :

1X10=10

1. Student violence take place in
(a) Hospital (b) In House (c) Borstal home (d) Hostel or college
2. The word /Jurisprudence is related to -----
(a) Media (b) Law (c) Marriage (d) industry
3. Dowery system found in ----
(a)Hindu (b) Muslim (c) Sikh (d) Jain
4. Sachhar Commission is related to --
(a) PV Narshima Rao (b) VP Singh (c) Rajeev Gandhi (d) Chander Shekhar
5. Acquired Immune Deficiency syndrome is related to
(a) Movie (b) Sports (c) Diseases (d) IT
6. Penology is related to
(a) animals (b)Punishment (c) laboratory (d) Library
7. Relationship between Sociology and Jurisprudence . It is called as ...
(a) Zoology (b)Botany (c) Legal sociology (d) Sociological Jurisprudence .
8. What is criminology? It is the study of
(a) Society (b)crime (c) punishment (d) Botany
9. Corruption found in
(a) Beurocracy (b) Politics (c) Society (d) All
10. Sexual offences called as
(a) Rape (b) Unnatural Sex (c) Bestiality (d) All

SECTION- B (Short Answer Type)

Attempt any two questions of the following.

10x2 =20

1. Write a short note on status of Indian women ?
2. Write a sociological impact of Crimes against children.
3. Explain the use of drugs and its effect on society.

SECTION- C (Long Answer Type)

Attempt any two questions of the following .

15x2 =30

1. Write the sexual offences in Indian Society?
2. Describe the note on alcoholism
3. Write differences between white collar crime and crime?

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B.A.LL.B
IIInd YEAR IIIrd SEMESTER EXAMINATION
WORLD HISTORY

Max. Marks: 60

Time: 3 Hours]

Note: This paper is divided into three sections A,B and C. Attempt al the section as per instructions.

Section - A

[15X 2 = 30]

Long Question : Answer Any Two

1. Explain the consequences of second world war.
2. Describe French Revolution and role of Nepolean Bonaparte.
3. What were the reasons to arise of Nazism or Hitler in Germany?

Section - B

[10X 2 = 20]

Short Question : Answer any Two

4. Explain the causes of American freedom struggle?
5. Describe the result of world war first.
6. Discuss the significance of American Revolution

Section - C

[1X 10 = 10]

Q7. Objectives Questions: Answer All Question

- i. In which year America got Independence.
A. 1782 B. 1780 C. 1776 D. 1782
- ii. Leonardo Da Vinci , Michael Angelo and Raphael related to which field
A. Painting B. Medicine C. Drama D. None of the above
- iii. Industrial Revolution was started from which country
A. France B. Germany C. Italy D. England
- iv. Who was the leader of Bolshevik Revolution?
A. Cholas B. Trotsky C. Lloyd George D. Wilson
- v. The head quarter of UNO is situated at
A. Geneva B. New York C. England D. Moscow
- vi. Who was the last emperor of Russia?
A. Alexander-III B. Nicholas- II C. Alexander D. Nicholas- I
- vii. Name of the party of Mussolini before first world war
a. Liberal Party b. Fascist Party c. Communist Party d. Democratic Party
- viii. Russo- Japanese war broke out in
A. 1900 B. 1902 C. 1903 D. 1904-1905
- ix. Which Revolution was known as bloody revolution
A. England Revolution B. Russian Revolution
C. French Revolution D. American Revolution
- x. The book " The Discovery of India " written by
A. Nehru B. Tilak C. Gandhi D. Bhagat Singh

Printing Pages : 2

Paper Code : BL-304 C (SVSU:2021-22/R)

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B.A.LL.B.
(2nd Year, III Semester) EXAMINATION
(JURISPRUDENCE)

This question paper is divided into three sections A, B & C. Attempt all the sections as per instructions.

Section-A

Multiple choice questions. Each question carry equal marks. 1x10=10

Attempt *all* the parts of this section.

1. Who is known as father of English jurisprudence?
a. Bentham b. Austin c. Dias d. Hart
2. How many kinds of the theory of punishment are there
a. One b. Two c. Three d. Five
3. Which of the following Latin expression means knowledge of law
a. Jurisprudential b. Jus cogens c. Ibi remediam d. Means rea
4. Right in rem means
a. Right available against a definite person b. Right available against the whole world
c. Right in once on things d. Rights in things of others
5. A theory of law must be free from ethics politics sociology history etc. it must in other words be
a. Pure b. Confined c. Defined d. Specified
6. Who wrote: "A plea for Constitution"?
a. Bentham b. Gray c. Holland d. Austin
7. Who said, "Customs not only precede legislation, but are even superior to it?"
a. Puchta b. Maine c. Burke d. Savigny
8. According to which jurist corpus and animus are two main elements of possession
a. Salmond b. Bentham c. Blackstone d. Savigny
9. President is given under Article Of the Indian Constitution.
a. Article 142 b. Article 141 c. Article 145 d. Article 140
10. The founder of Analytical School is
a. John Austin b. Salmond c. Bentham d. Holland

Section-B (Short Answer type)

Attempt any **two** questions of the following. **10x2=20**

2. Discuss role of custom as a source of law.
3. Distinguish between the theory of Austin and Kelsen.
4. Distinguish between Ownership and Possession.

Section-C (Long Answer type)

Attempt any **two** questions of the following. **15x2=30**

5. Give the meaning and definition of a Legal Right. Whether all legal rights are fundamental rights? Also give the classification of legal rights in brief.
6. 'Ownership is a right indefinite in point of user, unrestricted in point of disposition and unlimited in point of duration' do you consider it to be an adequate definition of ownership? If not what improvements and modifications would you suggest to make it adequate?
7. Explain the importance of 'Judicial Precedent' as a source of Law. How far the doctrine of "Stare Decisis" is applicable in India?

14/01/2022

15/01/2022

Printing Page(s) : 2

Paper Code : BL-305

Roll No.

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BA.LL.B.

**(2nd YEAR, III SEMESTER) EXAMINATION
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-I (upto Art.51A)**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 60

Note: This paper is divided into three sections A, B and C. Attempt all the sections as per instructions.

SECTION-A

1. Attempt all the question.

[1×10=10

- (i) The original constitution had
 - (a) 12 Parts 6 Schedules 309 Articles
 - (b) 20 Parts 8 Schedules 395 Articles
 - (c) 22 Parts 5 Schedules 295 Articles
 - (d) 22 Parts 8 Schedules 395 Articles
- (ii) Who was the Chairman of Advisory Committee
 - (a) Jwahar Lal Nehru
 - (b) K.M Munshi
 - (c) Kriplani
 - (d) Vallabh Bhai Patel
- (iii) Equality before law is taken from:
 - (a) U.K Constitution
 - (b) Germany Constitution
 - (c) U.S.S.R Constitution
 - (d) None of the above
- (iv) Which case is known as fundamental Right case
 - (a) Rai Narrayan, Vs. Indira Gandhi
 - (b) Keshwanand Bharti Vs. State of Kerala
 - (c) S.R Bomani vs. Union of India
 - (d) None of the above
- (v) Right to life under Article 21 of the Indian Constitution is available to a:
 - (a) Citizen
 - (b) Person
 - (c) Foreigner
 - (d) None of the above
- (vi) Under Article 25 of Indian Constitution Right of freedom of Religion can be restricted on which ground
 - (a) Public order
 - (b) Morality
 - (c) Health
 - (d) All of the above

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[Max. Marks:60]
Questions as per

[1x10:10]

2 (39)

August 15

Article 14

SVSU-18-01

[1]

P.T.O.

(d) Protection and improvement of environment.

vii) "Every generation holds the Earth in common with members of the present generation and with other generations, past and future. The principle articulates a concept of fairness among generations in the use and conservation of the environment and its natural resources". This doctrine is called :

- (a) Sustainable development
- (b) Polluter pays principle
- (c) Inter-Generational Equity
- (d) Precautionary principle

[1]

- (vii) Protection from Double Jeopardy is provided under
(a) Article 21 (b) Article 22 (c) Article 20 (d) None of the above
- (viii) How many schedules are in the Indian constitution
(a) 08 (b) 09 (c) 10 (d) 12
- (ix) For the purpose of Fundamental Rights the State is defined under
(a) Article 10 (b) Article 11 (c) Article 12 (d) None
- (x) Equal Protection of law is taken from
(a) U.K. (b) U.S.A. (c) South Africa (d) Germany

SECTION-B (Short Answer type)

Attempt any **two** questions of the following. [10×2=20]

2. Discuss the salient features of the Constitution of India 1950.
3. Write note on:
 - (a) The Preamble of the Constitution
 - (b) Citizenship under the Citizenship Act, 1955
4. Equality before law and equal protection of law is provisioned under Article 14 of the Indian constitution. What are the exceptions of this general rule? Discuss

SECTION-C (Long Answer type)

Attempt any **two** questions of the following. [15×2=30]

5. What do you mean by Directive Principles of State Policy? If there is a conflict between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles which would prevail. Explain your answer with the help of decided case laws.
6. Discuss constitutional safeguards against arbitrary arrest and detention with the help of decided case laws.
7. What do you understand by Public Interest litigation? Discuss elaborately with decided case laws.

15/01/2022

Printing Pages : 2

Paper Code : BL-306 B (SVSU:2021-22/R)

Enrollment No.																			
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B.A.LL.B.
(IInd YEAR III SEMESTER) EXAMINATION
ENVIRONMENTAL LAW AND CLIMATE CHANGE

Time:3Hours **[Max. Marks:60]**
Note: This question paper is divided into three sections. Attempt all questions as per instruction.

Section – A

1. Choose the correct option of all the parts: **[1x10:10]**

- i) "Wild life" under Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 is defined in ?
 a) Sec 2 (36) b) Sec 2 (37) c) Sec 2 (38) d) Sec 2 (39)

- ii) Kyoto protocol was adopted in the year _____.
 (a) 1996 (b) 1997 (c) 1992 (d) 2002

- iii) World Environment day is celebrated on :
 (a) November 25 (b) December 10 (c) June 5 (d) August 15

- iv) The Forest (Conservation) Act was enacted in the year _____.
 (a) 1980 (b) 1987 (c) 1988 (d) 1990

- v) Supreme Court has traced the Right to wholesome environment in _____.
 (a) Article 21 (b) Article 21(A) (c) Article 48-A (d) Article 14

- vi) Article 48-A of the Constitution is specially inserted for _____.
 (a) Organisation of agriculture and animal husbandry
 (b) Protection of monuments
 (c) Raising the level of nutrition
 (d) Protection and improvement of environment.

- vii) "Every generation holds the Earth in common with members of the present generation and with other generations, past and future. The principle articulates a concept of fairness among generations in the use and conservation of the environment and its natural resources". This doctrine is called :
 (a) Sustainable development (b) Polluter pays principle
 (c) Inter-Generational Equity (d) Precautionary principle

viii) Who represented India at the Human Environment Conference at Stockholm in 1972 ?

- (a) Indira Gandhi (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
(c) Lal Bahadur Shastri (d) Rajiv Gandhi

ix) Which of the following is popularly known as "Forest Conservation Case"?

- a) Environment Awareness Forum Vs. State of J & K, 1999 1 SCC 210
b) T. N. Godavarman Thirumulk Pad Vs. Union of India, 1997 2 SCC 267
c) M. C. Mehta Vs. Union of India, 1992 1 SCC 358
d) Tata Engineering & Locomotive Co. Ltd Vs State of Bihar, 2000 5 SCC 346

- x) Which environmental principle is wrongly matched with the case law relating to it-
- a) "Polluter Pays Principle"- Indian Council for Enviro-Legal Action vs. Union of India
b) "Sustainable Development"- Rural Litigation and Entitlement Kendra, Dehradun vs. State of Uttar Pradesh
c) "Precautionary Principle"-Vellore Citizens Welfare Forum v. Union of India
d) "Principle of Absolute Liability"- M.C. Mehta vs. Kamal Nath and Ors

Section – B (Short Answer Type)

Attempt any two questions of the following:

[10*2=20]

2. Write down the short note on any two:

- i) Precautionary Principle and Public Trust Doctrine
ii) Environmental Ethics
iii) International Environmental Organisations

3. Explain how the Courts in India try to balance between Environment and Development.

4. Discuss the law relating to Conservation of Forests under Forest Conservation Act, 1980.

Section – C (Long Answer Type)

Attempt any two questions of the following:

[15*2=30]

5. How far environmental protection in India is a constitutional obligation of both the government as well as of citizens? Discuss.

6. Discuss the constitution and functions of the National and State Board for Wildlife under Wildlife Protection Act, 1972.

7. Discuss the importance of Stockholm Declaration and its effects upon member states.